ALL THE COUNTRY OVER.

REVIEW OF THE CAMPAIGN IN EVERY STATE.

Great Changes to Be Made in the House of Representatives.

curring in a year when there was a presidential contest, excited such keen interest among the students of politics as the one which will close with the elections next Fuesday. The results are awaited anxiously by party leaders, for it is generally felt that they will foreshadow the verdict to be given at the polls at the presidential election two years hence. Aside from this importance of the election as indicating the frift of the political sentiment of the country, its immediate effect may be of great moment, for the democratic supremacy in Congress is threatened. The most conservative figures made up from reports received indicate that the great democratic majority in the House will be almost completely wiped out. Some figure out that the populists, with ten or a dozen members, will hold the balance of power in the House, while sanguine republicans predict, with a show of confidence, that they will have a majority of Representatives in the new House. All the figures are so close, even those put forth by party managers, as to make the situation interesting and critical. In some of the states, and especially in New York, there are features of the state slections attracting much attention, but, generally, the result of the congressional election is the thing around which interest

Recognizing the unusual importance of the elections, The Star at the opening of the campaign commissioned trustworthy correspondents at every important point to supply its readers with the most reliable infermation that could be obtained bearing upon the political probabilities, and in addition, sent out to the most important points members of its staff to make a thorough investigation of the facts affecting the situation. As a result, Star readers have had spread before them from day to day comete reviews of all that was interesting and important in the campaign in different parts of the country. These reviews have been the more valuable, for they have been made from a non-partisan point of view, correspondents having been instructed to give, without political bias, a true account f the situation.

The following review of the campaign in every state of the Union is based largely upon the information furnished by The Star's correspondents:

Both parties are, of course, claiming the House, but the claims of partisan commit-tees are not to be accepted as correctly representing the situation. A careful study of the conditions in the light of the best available information indicates that the democrats will probably have more Representatives than the republicans, but it is doubtful that they will have more than a bare majority in the Hou se. A ver estimate gives the democrats 179, the re-publicans 167, and the populists 10 Representatives in the House. It will be seen that a loss of a single democratic member in this estimate would deprive the democ racy of the control of the House. Heavy republican gains are indicated in various sections, and in a tidal-wave year the best calculators may go wrong in attempting to figure out the bounds which the tide will reach. With that fact in view the republicans have reason to hope that the tide may rise so high as to wipe out the democratic majority in the House.

Alabama.

The governor and legislature have been elected, the democrats carrying the state. The coming election is for Congress. The vote for President in 1892 was: Denioeratic, 131,138; republican, 9,197; populist,

The congressional candidates are: First District. Sixth District

J. H. Bankhead, Dem. R. H. Clark, Dem. Guy C. Sibley, Rep. B. M. Long, Rep. Second District. John B. Sanford, Pop. Jesses Stallings Dem. Seventh District.

J. D. Gardner, Rep. Wm. H. Denson Dem.

Third District. P. G. Goodman, Rep. Gen.G.P. Harrison, Dm M. W. Howard, Pop. W. C. Robinson, Pop. Eighth District. Fourth District. Joseph Wheeler, Dem. G. A. Robbins, Dem. Lee Crandall, Pop. Wm. F. Aldrich, Rep. Ninth District. Fifth District. O.W.Underwood, Dem. Fifth District. James E. Cobb, Dem, T.H.Aldrich, KolbRep. A. T. Goodwyn, Pop.

In this state there have been combinations between the populists, republicans and Kolbites against the democrats. In three districts the anti-democratic nominees are straight out republicans, whom the populists and Jeffersonians or Kolbites have indorsed in their district conventions and agreed to support. In the remaining districts, except the sixth, the opponents of democracy are populists or Kolbites, who have the indorsement of the republican conventions. The democrats confidently claim all the districts, but the opposition assert that they will carry three, and the situation in these three is so involved that no one can confidently predet the result. This trine of protection has gained a foothold in recent years by reason of the development of the iron industries and coal resources. leading the republicans to hope for a break in the solid south.

Arkansas.

The election in this state is for Congress, the democrats having carried the state ticket in October. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 87,752; republican, 46,974; populist, 11,831. The congressional candidates are:

Fifth District. P.D. McCulloch, jr., Dm H. A. Dinsmore, Dem. Second District. T. J. Hunt, Rep. John S. Little, Dem. Sixth District.

Third District. R. Neill, Dem. T. C. McRae, Dem. H. H. Meyers, Rep. Fourth District.

The republicans are claiming the possibili-

W. L. Terry, Dem. Raleigh, Rep. J. H. Cherry, Pop.

of carrying two or three districts through a technicality in the preliminaries to the election. Conservatives, however, are incifued to the opinion that the full democratic delegation will be returned, with the possibility of losing one district to the populists. California.

California will elect its full list of state officers to serve four years, and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed George C. Perkins, republican. The people of California are also to vote upon nine proposed amendments to their state constitution. The vote of California for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 118,151; republican, 98,027; populist, 25,311; prohibition, 8,096. The congressional candidates are:

Fifth District. First District. Thos. J. Geary, Dem. Jas. Denman, Dem. A. Barham, Rep. J. P. Kelly, Dem. R. F. Grigsby, Pop. E. F. Loud, Rep. J. B. Gregory, Pro. J. T. Rogers, Pop. Second District. R. Summers, Pro. A. Caminetti, Dem. Sixth District. B. Carnell, Pop. Mark Kelper, Pro. W. B. English, Dem. S. G. Hilborn, Rep. . A. Vann, Pop. W. W. Bowers, Rep. S. B. Scranton, Pro. J. L. Gilbert, Pop. Fourth District. W. H. Somers, Pro. J. G. Maguire, Dem. T. B. Shannon, Rep. J. B. Collier, Pop.

Joseph Powell, Pro. In this state it is a fight between the democrats, republicans and populists, with serious factional differences among the democrats on account of the tariff. Congressmen Geary and Caminetti, democrats, are fighting the administration and its tariff policy. In the state campaign reform

of the state administration is the issue, The probabilities are that the congressional

Never before has a campaign, not oc- | election will return four republicans. There | republican. The people will also vote upon s a chance that one of the other three members elected will be a populist. It is probable that Hilborn, republican, will be elected in the third district in the place of English, who now holds the seat, and that a republican will be elected in the place of Representative Cannon, the populist-democrat, now representing the sixth district.

> Colorado. Colorado will elect all its state officers and the legislature, which will choose s United States Senator to succeed Edward O. Wolcott, republican. The people will vote upon two proposed amendments to the constitution of the state. The vote of Colorado for President in 1892 was: Democrat-populist fusion, 53,584; republican, 38,620; prohibition, 1,687. The congressional candidates are:

First District. Second District. T. Bottom, Dem.
A. Shafroth, Rep.
G. O. Pierce, Ind.
R. Rhodes, Pro.
John C. Bell, Pop. Lafe Pence, Pop. W. A. Rice, Pro.

Owing to a split among the democrats there is thought to be no chance of a member of that party being elected to Congress from this state. One faction of the democrats, known as the "White Wings," is opposed to free silver, and so cannot draw much strength. But it is estimated that they may take about 2,000 votes from Pence and Bell in each of the districts, thus making the fight extremely close. It is thought that without this split, and with the populists indorsed, as this year, by the regular democrats, the former would have more than an even chance of election. The fight, therefore, is between the populists and the republicans, with the probabilities somewhat in favor of the former. It is said the legislature is more than likely to be controlled by the populists, with more than a majority of the votes opposing the republicans, and in such an event there will be a populist successor to Senator Wolcott.

Connecticut. Connecticut will elect its state officers and the legislature. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 82,380; republican, 77,013; prohibition, 3,999.

The congressional candidates are: First District. Third District. Lewis Sperry, Dem. C. O. Beckwith, Dem. Frd'k G. Platt, Rep. J. C. Valette, Pop. F. C. Platt, Pro. W. R. Denison, Pro. S. W. Taylor, Soc.-L. Fourth District. Second District. R. E. DeForrest, D. Eleneser J. Hill, Rep. Jas. P. Pigott, Dem. N. D. Sperry, Rep. H. C. Baldwin, Pop. Wm. Sargeant, Pop. Wm. R. Miles, Pro. D. N. Griffin, Pro. Wm. Obers, Soc.-L. F. Torrington, Soc.-L.

In this state, now represented in Con gress by three democrats and one republican, there is said to be no certainty of the democrats carrying any of the districts, and they feel hopeful of but one. The campaign has been waged upon tariff lines strictly, and there is a factional fight among the democrats in Lewis Sperry's district over the tariff. It is possible that Pigott, democrat, may be re-elected.

Delaware. Delaware will elect its governor and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed Anthony Higgins, republican. The people will also vote upon the question of holding a convention to revise the constitution of the state. The

Democratic, 18,581; republican, 18,077; prohibition, 516. The congressional candidates are: S. Bancroft, jr., Dem. C. Beadenkopf, Pop. J. S. Willis, Rep. W. W. Bullock, Pro. The democrats feel hopeful of carrying the state, although a vigorous campaign is being waged by the republicans in the northern section, which is the manufactur-ing region. The senatorial fight is an important feature of the campaign. The fact that Delaware's one Congressman would wield as much influence as a majority of the New York congressional delegation in case the election of President should be

thrown into the House of Representatives makes the election of importance. Florida.

In this state the election will be for Congress, as the next state election does not occur until November, 1897. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 30,143; populist, 4,813; prohibition, 570. The congressional candidates are:

First District. Second District. S.M. Sparkman, Dem. C M. Cooper, Dem. First District. D. L. McKinnon, Pop. M. Atkinson, Pop. In Florida there are no unusually interesting features of the coming campaign. and well-informed persons practically concede the election to the democrats.

Georgia. The state election in Georgia was held early in October, the democrats carrying the state. The election showed large populist gains, however, which fact has emboldened the populists to claim several congressional districts. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 129,386; republican, 48,305; populist, 42,939; scattering, 3,351. The congressional candidates are: First District.

Seventh District. R. E. Lester, Dem. J. W. Maddox, Dem. J. F. Brown, Pop. W. H. Felton, Pop. Second District. Eighth District. B. E. Russell, Dem. Wm. Lorimer, Rep. T. G. Lawson, Dem. W. E. Smith, Pro. W. Y. Carter, Pop. Third District. Ninth District. C. F. Crisp, Dem. F. C. Tate, Dem. G. W. White, Pop. J. N. Twitty, Pop. Fourth District.

L. Moses, Dem. Tenth District. C. J. Thornton, Pop. J. C. C. Black, Dem. Fifth District. T. E. Watson, Pop. L.F. Livingston, Dem. S. T. Shirley, Pro. Robt. Todd, Pop. Eleventh District. Sixth District.

C. L. Bartlett, Dem. H. G. Turner, Dem. Whittaker, Pop. S. W. Johnson, Pop. The assumption is that democrats will be elected in all of the 11 Georgia districts. but a very hard fight is being made by the populists in the fourth, represented by Mr. Moses, in the ninth, represented by Mr. Tate, and in the tenth, represented by Mr. Black. Of these Black seems to be most in danger. The democrats realized their danger in these districts very early in the been made, not only by the local politicians, but by the congressional committee, to maintain the solid delegation of Georgia. The man who is threatening Mr. Black is the impetuous populist, Tom Watson.

Idaho. Idaho will elect its state officers and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed George L. Shoup, republican. The vote of Idaho for President in 1892 was: Democratic-populist fusion, 10,520; republican, 8,590; prohibition,

The congressional candidates are: J.M.Ballentine, Dem. Edgar Wilson, Rep.

James Gunn, Pop. Idaho has but one Representative, Mr. Sweet, a republican, who is now a candidate for the Senate. While it is a republican state, there is a peculiar complication | C. A. Lloyd, Pop. which makes the congressional elections Geo. S. Patton, Dem. doubtful. In the opinion of some of the Carnell, Pop.

rk Kelper, Pro.

W. C. Bowman, Pop.
Third District.

J. E. McComas, Pro.

Seventh District.

Seventh District. who control the party at large, while the contest over the senatorship, which is extremely complicated-three republicans seeking the place-involves the possibility of general republican defeat in the state. The outlook in Idaho is, indeed, very mixed, and the race may go either to the populists, democrats or republicans, for the fight is wholly three-cornered, with the chances about even for any one of the three.

> Illinois. Illinois will elect minor state officers, onehalf its state senate and all its assembly. The legislature will choose a United States the loss to the democrats occasioned by

a proposed amendment to the constitution of the state directing the legislature to enact laws regulating contracts between corporations and their employes. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 426,281; republican, 390,288; populist, 22,207; prohibition, 25,870. The vote for governor in 1892 was: Democratic, 425,-497; republican, 402,650; populist, 20,108; prohibition, 24,684.

The congressional candidates are: First District. Twelfth District.
Max Dembussky, D. T. F. Donovan, Dem. J. F. Aldrich, Rep. Jos. G. Cannon, Rep. W. S. McComas, I.A. Sam. Leavitt, Pop. H. S. Taylor, Peo. E. T. Hays, Pro. Wm. H. Craig, Pro. Thirteenth District.

A. J. Barr, Dem. Vesp'n Warner, Rep. W. M. Kellogg, Pro. Second District. J.H. Hannahan, D., P. Wm. Lorimer, Rep. N. M. Barnett, Peo. John Z. White, Peo. Fourteenth District. Third District. Geo. O. Barnes, Dem. McGann, D., P. J. V. Graff, Rep. D. McCullough, Pro. H. R. Belknap, Rep. W. G. Eggleston, Ind Fourth District. E. Ryan, D., P.&P. W. L. Heberling, Peo.

C.W.Woodman, Rep. Fifteenth District. Frank Lawler, Ind. J. Simingston, Pro. B. F. Marsh, Rep. Fifth District. Samuel Woods, Pro. E. T. Noonan, D., P.M. W. Greer, Peo. Geo. E. White, Rep. Sixteenth District. G.W. Lindleton, Pro.F. E. Downing, Dem. Jos. W. Pickles, I. A.Jno. I. Rinaker, Rep. Chas. G. Dixon, Peo. P. D. Stout, Pop. H. C. Fancher, Ind. M. M. Cooper, Pro. Sixth District. Seventeenth District.

J. S. Goldzier, Dem. Wm. M. Springer, D. Edw. D. Cook, Rep. J. A. Connelly, Rep. L. W. Rogers, Pop. J. A. Crawford, Pop. Jas. R. Struckle, I. A. A. F. Smith, Pro. Jas. J. Linehan, Peo. Eighteenth District. Seventh District. Edward Lane, Dem. Louis Lange, Dem. Fred. Remann, Rep. Geo. E. Foss, Rep. T. W. Hynes, Pro. Henry D. Lloyd, Pop.Jos. S. Barnum, Pec Eighth District. Nineteenth District. ewis Steward, Dem.Geo.W. Fithian, Dem. A. J. Hopkins, Rep. Benson Wood, Rep. G.W. Sindlinger, Pro. H. M. Brooks, Peo. Geo. S. Bowen, Peo. H. P. Kepley, Pro. Ninth District.
D. F. Thompson, Dem. J. R. Williams, Dem. R. R. Hitt, Rep.
Orlando Burrell, Rep.

S.H.Zimmerman, Peo. H. G. Jones, Pop. James Lamont, Pro. W. C. Willey, Pro. Tenth District. Twenty-first District. Jonas W. Oison, Dem. Jno. J. Higgins, Dem. Philip S. Post, Rep. E. J. Murphy, Rep. S. T. Shirley, Pro. Jas. H. Sawyer, Pro. W. W. Mathews, Peo. H. Clay McDill, Peo W. W. Mathews, Peo. H. Clay McDin, L. C. Beleventh District. Twenty-second Dist. R. R. Gibbons, Dem. F. M. Youngblood, D. Walter Reeves, Rep. Geo. W. Smith, Rep. W. M. Hirschy, Pop. John J. Hall, Pop. Marion Gallupp, Pro. E. C. Allen, Pro. No state in the Union offers a more fruitful field for speculation as to the result of this fall's election than Illinois. The populist party is just about strong enough to introduce into the equation a factor the ue of which is hard to estimate. but which may prove just the deciding element in its effect upon the general result. It is said the republicans would have to

carry the state by 45,000 clear majority to

control the legislature, owing to the fact

that the state has been reapportioned against them. The indications are that the republicans will have more members in the state legislature than the democrats, but it is by no means certain that they will have a ma-jority. The populists undoubtedly will sevote of Delaware for President in 1892 was: cure a representation stronger than at the last session. The congressional districts are hard to estimate. It looks now as if the republicans will gain four Congressmen from Illinois. There is only one district in which the populists appear to have a fighting chance for Congress. John Z. White has a show to be elected from one of the Chicago districts. There is said to be grave possibility of Wm. M. Springer being de-

feated for Congress. Indiana.

Indiana will elect state officers, except governor and lieutenant governor, together with the legislature. The vote of Indiana for President in 1892 was: Democratie, 262,817; republican, 256,335; populist, 22,198; prohibition, 13,044.

The congressional candidates are: First District. H. Taylor, Dem. Eighth District. J. A. Hemenway, Rep. E.V. Brooksnire, Dem. J. A. Hemenway, Rep. Geo. W. Farris, Rep. J. A. Royce, Pop. Morton C. Rankin, P. James C. Pruitt, Pro. A. W. Jackman, Pro. John L. Bretz, Dem. Ninth District. A. M. Hardy, Rep. E. A. Riggins, Pop. Wm. J. Trout, Pro. Third District.

A. G. Burkhart, Dem. Frank Hanly, Rep. A. G. Burkhart, Pop. L. M. Crist, Pro. S. M. Stockslager, D. Tenth District.

J. Tracewell, Rep. F. M. Garriott, Pop. V. Zimmerman, Dem. J. A. Hatch, Rep. S. Pfrimmer, Pro. S.M. Hawthorne, Pop. Fourth District. Wm. S. Holman, D. M. C. Hanson, Pro. James F. Watson, R. Eleventh District. Richard Gregg, Pop. Eleventh District. Dr. S. V. Wright, P. A. N. Martin, Dem. Geo. W. Steele, Rep. Fifth District. Geo. W. Cooper, Dem. A. M. Benson, Pop. Jesse Overstreet, Rep. W. E. Chambers, Pro.

Louis T. DeTurk, P. E. F. Barker, Pro. Twelfth District. W. F. McNagny, D. Sixth District. Nimrod Elliott, Dem. J. D. Leighty, Rep. Henry U. Johnson, R. Freeman Kelly, Pop. Thom'n Harris, Pop. Jas. E. Graham, Pro. Robert B. Lindsey,P. Thirteenth District. Seventh District. Wm. D. Bynum, D. L. Wanner, Dem. Chas. L. Henry, Rep. L. W. Royce, Rep.

James S. East, Pop. J. W. Forrest, Pop. B. M. Blount, Pro. D. A. Huntsinger, P. The democrats appear to have made considerable progress in Indiana since the campaign opened. The situation there was regarded by them as extremely unsatisfactory in the beginning and it was counted as probable that the first, eighth, tenth and eleventh districts would be lost to the republicans. In addition to this the republicans claimed the defeat of Holman and Bynum in the fourth and seventh districts and hoped to elect a republican in the place of Mr. Conn, in the thirteenth. As the campaign has progressed the democrats have become more confident and claim now that they will not lose any of the eleven districts they at present hold. This is regarded by conservative observers as an oversanguine claim. Bynum's district is in great doubt, as are the first and tenth districts, and a conservative esti-mate gives the democrats seven or eight out of the thirteen.

Iowa. Iowa will elect state officers except governor and lieutenant governor. The vote of Iowa for President in 1892 was: Democratic. 196,419; republican, 219,384; populist, 20,594; prohibition, 6,317. The vote for governor in 1833 was: Democratic, 174,793; republican, 207,159; populist, 23,511; prohibition, 10,107. The congressional candidates are:

First District.

Seventh District.

W. A. Duckworth, D. J. R. Barcroft, Dem. S. M. Clark, Rep. J. A. T. Hull, Rep. J. R. Barcroft, Pop. J. O. Beebe, Pop. Second District. Eighth District. W. I. Hayes, Dem. G. M. Curtis, Rep. Frank Q. Stuart, D. W. P. Hepburn, R. Third District Ninth District. H. S. Bashor, Dem. D. B. Henderson, R. J. B. Weaver, Dem. Fourth District. A. L. Hager, Rep. Jas. F. Babcock, D. J. B. Weaver, Pop. Thos. Updegraff, Rep. Tenth District. C. A. Marshall, Pop. J. C. Baker, Dem.

Fifth District. J. P. Dolliver, Rep. Wm. P. Daniels, D. J. P. Baker, Pop. Robt. G. Cousins, R. W. H. Calhoun, Pop. Eleventh District. Sixth District. Bernard Graeser, D. W. H. Taylor, Dem. Geo. D. Perkins, R. John F. Lacey, Rep. J. Bartholomew, P. Allen Clark, Pop. H. T. Sutton, Pro. In Iowa the democrats have despaired of doing more than holding the one district which they have, the second, where the ma-jority in 1892 was over 7,000. The republi-cans are hoping to overcome this through Senator as successor of Shelby M. Cullom, populist gains, and will endeavor to make

the congressional delegation solidly republican. Kansas will elect state officers for two years, and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed John

Martin, democratic-populist. The people will also vote upon a proposed amendment to the constitution of the state extending the privilege of suffrage to women. The vote of Kansas for President in 1892 was: Democratic-populist fusion, 163,111; republican, 157,241; prohibition, 4,538.

The congressional candidates are:

At Large. Fourth District.

J. G. Lowe, Bem. T. J. O'Neal, Dem.
R. W. Blue, Rep. C. Curtis, Rep.
Wm. A. Harris, Pop. S. M. Scott, Pop.
F. Helsinger, Pro. Fifth District. First District. C.W.Brandenburg, Dm

Soloman, Dm. Pop. W.A. Calderhead, Rep. C. Broderick, Rep. John Davis, Pop. Second District. B. B. White, Pro. H. L. Moore, Dem. Sixth District. O. L. Miller, Rep.
F. A. Willard, Pop.
Third District.

R. G. Hurd, Dem.
A. H. Ellis, Rep.
Wm. Baker, Pop. Third District. Seventh District. W. F. Sapp, Dem. S.S. Kirkpatrick, Rep. J. Simpson, Dem. J. D. Botkin, Pop. C. I. Long, Rep. T. J. Hudson, Pop. J. Simpson, Pop. E. T. Neal, Pro.

A few weeks ago indications were bright for a sweeping republican victory in Kansas, but recent events have changed the situation. The fight is mainly between the

republicans and populists.
The act which checked the republican enthusiasm was the declaration by Senator Martin that the party must be beaten in state, legislature and congressional dis-tricts. This position of Senator Martin was notice to the 2,000 democratic postmasters and their assistants that the only way the republican party could be beaten was to vote for the populist candidates. This, it is claimed, will take 5,000 votes from the stalwart democratic ticket, headed David Overmyer for governor, and add that number to Lewelling. It may also carry many floaters over who would have voted the republican ticket because of the belief that it would win.

This change will have a marked effect on the congressional elections also, and is al-most certain to give the legislature to the populists. It is hardly probable, it is thought, as things now appear, for the re-publicans to elect more than five of the eight Congressmen. To do this they will have to carry the state, because one Congressman is elected at large.

Kentucky. Kentucky will elect four judges of its court of appeals and three railroad commissioners. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 175,461; republican, 135,441; populist, 23,500; prohibition, 6,442. The congressional candidates are:

First District. Seventh District. K. Hendrick, D. W. C. Owens, Dem. Benj. C. Keys, Pop. George Denny, jr., R. Josiah Harris, Pro. Jas. B. Finnell, Pro. Second District. Eighth District. J. D. Clardy, Dem. Jas. B. McCreary, D. E. G. Sebree, Rep. Phil. Roberts, Rep. Henry F. Turner, P. Oswald Thomas, P. Third District. T. B. Demare, Pro. Clar. U. McElroy, D. Ninth District. W. G. Hunter, Rep. Rolla K. Hart, Dem. Fourth District. Samuel J. Pugh, Rep.

A. B. Montgomery, D. John G. Biair, Pop. John W. Lewis, Rep. Oliver Russell, Pop. Fifth District. W. M. Beckner, D. E. J. McDermott, D. N. T. Hopkins, Rep. Walter Evans, Rep. John L. Bosley, Rep. Frank Rectanwald, Eleventh District. J. W. Sawyer, Pro. George E. Stone, D. Sixth District. D. H. Colson, Rep. Albert S. Berry, D. Silas Adams, I. Rep. T. B. Mathews, R., J. D. White, I. Rep. The republicans control one congressional district in Kentucky, the eleventh, which the state, thrown into that district by the reapportionment. They will undoubtedly bold this district, and hope to carry the seventh, Breckinridge's old bailiwick, on account of factional troubles among the democrats. There is great dissatisfaction among the democrats of the entire state, and while the managers claim that all dif-ferences will be adjusted before election day, the republicans are making a vigorous can paign on the strength of this situation,

additional Congressmen. Louisiana.

and say they expect to capture a couple of

The election in this state is for Congress. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 87,922; republican, 13,311; populist, 13,332. The congressional candidates are: First District. Fourth District. Adolph Meyer, Dem. H. W. Ogden, Dem. H.P. Kernochan, S.P. B. W. Bailey. J. Leonard, Labor. Fifth District.

Second District. C. J. Boatner, Dem. C. F. Buck, Dem. Alex. Benoit, Pop. D. Coleman, Rep. J. N.Callaghan, Labor Sixth District. Third District. S.M. Robertson, Dem. Andrew Price, Dem. M. R. Wilson, Pop. W. T. Beattie, I.Rep.

On account of the recent bolt from the democratic party by the sugar planters, who favor a protective tariff or bounty for sugar, the republicans have been encouraged to hope for heavy gains in the state, and have been aroused to renewed vigor in the campaign. It is feared by the democrats that the republicans will carry the second district, while the republicans go so far as to profess to be hopeful of electing their candidates in the first and third also.

Massachushetts.

Massachusetts will elect state officers and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed George F. Hoar, republican. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 176,813; republican, 202,814; populist, 3,210; prohibitionist, 7,539. The vote for governor in 1893 was: Democratic, 156,916; republican, 192-613; populist, 4,885; prohibition, 8,556; socialist-labor, 2,033. The congressional candidates are:

First District. Eighth District. C. A. Conant, Dem. A. B. Wright, Rep. Sam'l W. McCall, R. J. Johnson, Peop. L. B. Porter, Peop. A. R. Smith, Pro. Ninth District. Second District. J. F. Fitzgerald, Dem. Edw. A. Hall, Dem. Jesse M. Gove, Rep. P. F. O'Neill, Soc.-L. Fred. H. Gillett, Rep. G. H. Stearns, Peop. Tenth District. H. Lawrence, Pro. Third District.

W. S. McNary, Dem. C. Haggerty, Dem. H. H. Atwood, Rep. Jos. H. Walker, Rep. M. D.Fitz-Gerald, S.L. H. S. Brown, Peop. Michael J. McEttrick, Geo. F. Wright, Pro. Dem. Cit. Nom. P. Fourth District. Fred'k W. Peabody, J. J. Desmond, Dem. Rep. Ind. Nom. P. Lewis D. Apsley, Rep. Eleventh District. B. Sparhawk, Peop. B. W. Warren, Dem. Fifth District. Wm. F. Draper, Rep. G. W. Fifield, Dem. John F. Dowd, P.-L. W. S. Knox, Rep.

H.W.K. Eastman, Pe. Twelfth District. W. F. Taylor, Pro. W. H. Jordan, Dem. Sixth District. Elijah A. Morse, Rep. E. G. Brown, P.-L. H. B. Little, Dem: Wm. Cogswell, Rep. Thirteenth District. Jos. K. Harris, Peop. Rob't Howard, Dem. Seventh District. John Simpkins, Rep. S. K. Hamilton, Dem. W. H. Barrett, Rep.

W. L. Ramsdell, P. G. M. Buttrick, Pro. Geo. R. Peare, Soc.-L.

The respective claims of the two parties in Massachusetts are so conflicting that it is very difficult to foreshadow the probable result of the election. The republicans ap-pear to be more confident than their opponents. It is known that the democrats will not make any gains, but will probably lose at least two of their Congressmen, in the fifth and seventh districts respectively. The republicans claim eleven out of the thirteen Congressmen.

Maryland. The election in Maryland is for Congress only. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 113,866; republican, 92,736; populist, 796; prohibition, 5,877. The congressional candidates are:

First District.
W. Miles, Dem.
J. K. Cowen, Dem. W. L. Henry, Dem. R. H. Smith, Rep. A. L. Dryden, Rep. T. M. Prentiss, Pro. E. Bauer, Soc.-L. J. Mallalieu, Rep. J. T. Anthony, Pro. B. E. Miles, Pro. Fifth District. J. G. Rodgers, Dem. James E. Tull, Pop. George Wells, Dem. Second District. C. E. Coffin, Rep. J. F. C. Talbott, Dem. E. M. Burchard, Pop. Wm. B. Baker, Rep. S. C. Heird, Pop. J. N. Barker, Pro. Wm. H. Silk, Pro. Third District. Jas. C. Lee, Pro. H. W. Rusk, Dem. Sixth District. Dr. W. S. Booze, Rep. F. Williams, Dem. W. J. H. Gluck, Pro. G.L. Wellington, Rep.

J. L. Braun, Soc.-L. G. W. Kiracofe, Pop. A.E. Shoemaker, Pro. In the first and fifth districts the double ticket is occasioned by the necessity of fill-

been serious factional fights among the democrats, between the Gorman and anti-Gorman wings of the party, but it is thought that the republicans will profit by it in the fifth district, where this situation, together with the general dissatisfaction existing among the working classes, seems to hold out a hope of returning a republican Congressman. The advantage which the republicans would derive in the sixth district is lessened by a bitter fight in that party against the republican candi-date, which has proceeded to the length of organizing republican clubs to vote against him, but notwithstanding this the republicans have a fairly good prospect of carrying the district.

Michigan.

Michigan will elect state officers and the legislature, which will choose two United States Senators as successors of James Mc-Millan and John Patton, jr., both republicans. The people will vote upon two proposed amendments to the constitution of the state. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 202,296; republican, 222,708; populist, 19,892; prohibition, 14,069.

The congressional candidates are: First District. Seventh District. Levi T. Griffin, Dem.E. C. Carleton, Dem. John B. Corliss, Rep. H. G. Snover, Rep. J. H. Dunn, Pop., Lb. Carleton Peck, Pop. John McGregor, S. T. Eighth District. Second District.

Second District.

T. E. Barkworth, D. W. S. Linton, Rep.
G. A. Spalding, Rep. David G. Smith, Pop.
T. E. Barkworth, P.

Ninth District.

W. T. Evans, Dem.
N. H. Stewart, Dem. R. P. Bishop, Rep.
L. C. Burrows, Rep. N. E. Farnsworth, P. C. Burrows, Rep. N. E. Farnsworth, P. Fourth District.

L. F. Weaver, Dem. W.L.Churchill, D., P. H. F. Thomas, Rep. R. O. Crump, Rep. S. M. Cook, Pop. Eleventh District.

G. Rutherford, D. John Avery, Rep. Wm. A. Smith, Rep.W. T. Pitt, Pop. J. H. Tibbits, Fop.
Sixth District.
E. R. Wilcox, Dem.
S. M. Stevenson, Rep. David D. Aitkin, Rep. A. S. Anderson, Pop. A. S. Partridge, Pop.

Fifth District. H. B. Hudson, Dem

The situation in Michigan is extremely uncertain, with the general drift strongly in favor of the republicans. The democrats will be doing very well if they can hold three or even two of the five districts they now have. There is intense dissatisfaction among the democrats over the per sonnel of the party management, and a strong anti-Dickinson faction has arisen. The A. P. A. movement has figured prominently in the campaign. The democrats are also divided on the tariff question in

Minnesota.

Minnesota will elect state officers and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed William D. Washburn, republican. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 100,579; republican, 122,736; populist, 30,398; prohibition, 14,017. The congressional candidates

First District. Fifth District. Jno. Moonan, Dem. Jas. A. Tawney, Rep. O. T. Erickson, Dem. T. J. Meighen, Pop. Loren Fletcher, Rep. Second District. E. F. Clarke, Pop. Gen. J. H. Baker, D. T. S. Reimstadt, Pro. J. T. McCleary, Rep. L. C. Long, Pop. H. S. Kellom, Pro. Sixth District. M. R. Baldwin, Dem. Third District.
O. M. Hall, Dem. C. A. Towne, Rep. P. Heatwole, Rep. K. Halvorsen, Pop. J. M. Bowler, Pop. Seventh District. L. W. Chaney, Pro. Fourth District. T. N. McLean, Dem. E. J. Darragh, Dem. Frank M. Eddy, Rep. A. R. Keifer, Rep. F. H. Clarke, Pop. H. E. Boen, Pop. David Morgan, Pro. Ole Kron, Pro.

In Minnesota the republicans are claiming everything. The situation there, as in Michigan, is extremely uncertain for the democrats. They are claiming the election of Hall and Baldwin in the third and sixth districts, respectively, but it is doubtful whether they will do better than elect one Representative, possibly Hall. The populists are claiming that they will hole the seventh dis rict, which is now represented by one of their men.

Mississippi.

In this state the election will be for Congressmen. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 40,237; republican, 1,406; populists, 10,259. The congressional candidates are:

First District. Fifth District. Jno. M. Allen, Dem. J. S. Williams, Dem. S. A. Brown, Pop.-P. J. S. Williams, Dem. Second District. W. P. Ratcliff, P.-P. John C. Kyle, Dem. Sixth District. R. J. Lyles, Pop. N. W. Boynton, Pro. W. M. Denny, Dem. Third District. N. C. Hawthorn, Pop. T. C. Catchings, Dem. Geo. Hatfield, Pro. Thos. Mount, Pro. Seventh District. Fourth District. J. G. Spencer, Dem. H. D. Money, Dem. rank Souter, Pro. A. M. Newman, Rep. J. H. Jamison, Pop. T. P. Barr, Pro.

There is no reason to anticipate a break in the solid democratic delegation from this state. The populists only are in the field in opposition, but it is not thought they car overcome the democratic majorities. Mississippi at the last congressional elec tion the total republican vote in seven dis tricts was 366. The state has a voting colored population of 150,469.

Missouri.

Missouri will elect judge of the supreme court, railroad commissioner, superintendent of public instruction and the legislature. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 298,368; republican 226,916; populist, 41,213; prohibition, 4,331. The congressional cardidates are:

First District. Eighth District. Wm. H. Hatch, Dem. J. D. Hubbard, Rep. C. N. Clark, Rep. J. M. London, Pop. W. C. Aldredge, Pop. Ninth District. Second District. Champ Clark, Dem. Uriel S. Hall, Dem. Wm. Treloar, Rep. C. H. Loomis, Rep. James Moore, Pop. J. C. Goodson, Pop. G.H.Timmerman, Pro-Third District. Tenth District. A. M. Dockery, Dem. T. P. Koppinger, Dem H. G. Orton, Rep. R. Bartholdt, Rep. J. C. Penny, Pop. Eleventh District. Fourth District. F. Espenschiel, Dem. W n. C. Ellison, Dem. Chas. F. Joy, Rep. Crother, Rep. S. S. Riley, Pro. W. S. Missimer, Pop. Twelfth District.

J. J. Bentley, Pro. Seth W. Cobb, Dem. Fifth District. F. M. Sterritt, Rep. S. Webster, Pro. C. Tarsney, Dem. S. Webster, Flo. Tax. R. T. Van Horne, Rep. J. S. Crosby, Pop.
John T. White, Pro.
Sixth District.

Jas. D. Fox, Dem.
John H. Raney, Rep.
J. R. Hamlin, Pro. D.A.DeArmond, Dem. Fourteenth District. R. E. Lewis, Rep. MarshallArnold, Dem. Rv.A.B.Francisco, Pp. N. A. Mosely, Rep. Seventh District. A. H. Livingston, Pop. John T. Heard, Dem. Fifteenth District. John P. Tracy, Rep. C. H. Morgan, Dem.

G. P. Tippen, Pop. Chas. G. Barton, Rep. C. B.Van Wisker, Pro. D. J. Bigbee, Pop. In this state the republicans will hold the one Congressman they have in St. Louis, and will very likely gain another in that city. The democratic incumbent of the latter district, O'Neil, refused to run again, and the election of the new democratic nor inee would surprise democrats as well as republicans, it is said. This does not represent the total of the republican hopes, however, for a vigorous campaign is being made by them in every district, and strong candidates have been selected.

Montana.

Montana will elect associate justice of the supreme court, and the legislature, which will choose two United States Senators. The people are also to decide by their votes which city, Helena or Anaconda, shall be the permanent state capital. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 17,581; republican, 18,851; populist, 7,334; prohibition, 549. The congressional candidates for the state

at large are: Hal. S. Corbett, D. Robt. B. Smith, Pop. Chas.S. Hartman, R. In this state the outlook is very uncertain cwing to the close vote between the demo-crats and republicans, and the influence which the populists and silver men will wield in the election.

Nevada will elect state officers and the

legislature, and will vote upon twenty-five proposed amendments to the constitution of the state, chief among which are sections refusing amnesty to persons who, after ing a vacancy for the coming session of Congress as well as electing a member to reaching the age of eighteen years, bear arms against the United States. The vote the next House. In this state there have of the state for President in 1892 was: been raised, will, however, be defeated. The vote for state treasurer in 1892 was: Dem-

Democratic, 711; republican, 2,822; populist, democrats can hardly hope to hold their 7,267; prohibition, 85. 7,267; prohibition, 85.

The congressional candidates for the state at large are:

B. F. Riley, Dem. Jules S. Gignoux, I.D. H. F. Bastine, Rep. F.G. Newlands, Silver. Jas. C. Douty, Pop. The republicans claim to be making head way in this state, but the populists confi-dently assert that they will retain control. The democrats entertain no hope for them-

Nebraska.

First District.

Second District.

Jas. E. Boyd, Dem.

A. H. Weir, Pop.

Nebraska will elect state officers and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed Charles F. Manderson, republican. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 24,943; republican, 87,213; populist, 82,256; prohibition, 4,902. The congressional candidates are:

Fourth District.

Fifth District.

S. S. Alley, Dem.

W. L. Stark, Pop.

W. A. McKeighan, D. W. E. Andrews, Rep. D. H. Mercer, Rep.
D. C. Deaver, Pop.
W. A. McKeighan, D.
W. E. Andrews, Rep.
W. A. McKeighan, P. Third District.

W. N. Hensley, Dem. O. M. Kem, D. & P. G. D. Meiklejohn, R. Matt. Daugherty, R. J. M. Devine, Pop.

Jesse B. Strode, Rep. Eugene J. Hainer, R.

In Nebrasks the democrats appear to have nothing to expect, except the loss of the first district, which they now hold. The populists are still very strong, while the re publicans expect to poll a larger vote this year than in 1892. Many straight demoerats are expected to vote the republican state ticket.

New Hampshire. New Hampshire will elect a governor and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed William E. Chandler, republican. The people will also vote upon the question of holding a convention to revise the constitution of the state. The vote of the state for President

in 1892 was: Democratic, 42,081; republi-

can, 45,658; populist, 292; prohibition, 1,297. The congressional candidates are: First District. Second District. John B. Nash, Dem. Chas. McDaniel, D. C. A. Sulloway, Rep. Henry M. Baker, R. J. A. Whittier, Pop. E. M. Blodgett, Pop. Edward L. Carr, P. David Heald, Pro. The example of Vermont, the sister state, in rolling up a phenomenal republican ma-jority, has discouraged the New Hampshire democrats. They do not feel very hopeful over the outlook. The republicans confi-

dently expect to carry the state. New Jersey.

New Jersey elects the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed John R. McPherson, democrat. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 171,066; republican, 156,080; scattering, 10.458.

The congressional candiates are: First District. Fifth District.

T. M. Farrell, Dem. A. H. Demarest, D. H. C. Loudenslager, R.J. F. Stewart, Rep. Jos. R. Buchanan, P.Rev. S. Parsons, Pro. John Wilcox, Peop. F. W. Ball, Soc. L. Second District.

Martin L. Haines, D.T. D. English, Dem. J. J. Gardner, Rep. R. Wayne Parker, R. Third District. J. R. Buchanan, Pro. J.A.Geissenhainer, D. Seventh District. B. F. Howell, Kep. E. A. Stevens, Dem. L. M. Manning, Pro.Thos. McEwen, Rep.

Fourth District.

Johnston Cornish, D. John T. Dunn, Dem. Mahlon Pitney, Rep. Charles Newell, Rep. Wm. V. Ramsay, P. R. W. Pope, Pop. There seems little doubt that the next legislature will be, as is this one, republican. This will insure the election of a republican, probably ex-Senator Sewall, to succeed Mr. McPherson. The tide is strongly republican, especially among the manufacturing districts of the state. Republicans will, it is believed, certainly carry four districts. There is a strong fight arged in the fourth, fifth and sixth districts. which the republicans hope to carry, thus making the delegation stand five republi cans to three democrats. It is said that the democrats are disheartened.

New York.

New York will elect a governor, lieutenant governor, judge of the court of appeals and the assembly. The people will vote upon two proposed amendments to the constitution of the state. The people will also vote upon the revised constitution submitted by the recent constitutional convention, and separately upon the amendments relating to the legislative apportionment and to canal improvement.

The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 654,868; republican, 609,-350; populist, 16,429; prohibition, 38,190. The vote for secretary of state in 1893 was: Democratic, 520,614; republican, 545,008; populist, 16,818; prohibition, 34,341; socialist labor, 20,283; scattering, 3,362. The congressional candidates are:

First District. Sixteenth District. Joseph Fitch, Dem. R.C. McCormick, Rep. B. L. Fairchild, Re-Geo. Steinson, Peop. J. B. Weldekoff, S.-b. Henry Hofstadt, S.-L. James Daly, S.D. Second District.
J. O. Cleveland, Dem.
Dennis M. Hurley, R. Seventeenth District.
Daniel Bradley, S.D. Eugene Ives, Dem. Freeborn G. Smith, P. B. B. O'Dell, jr., Rep.

Theo. Frederick, Pro. Third District. J. A. Murtha, jr., D. W. M. Ketchum, Dem. Francis H. Wilson, R. Jacob Lefever, Rep. S. P. Sturges, S. D. Jacob Lerever, Rep. S. P. Sturges, S. D. Walter F. Taber, Pro. Nineteenth District. Fourth District. Fourth District. C. D. Haines, Dem. W. J. Coombs, D., S. D. Frank S. Black, Rep. Israel F. Fischer, R. Dr. A. Y. Myers, Pro. Geo. R. Scott, Pro. Jas. F. Kelly, Soc.-L.

Fifth District. Twentieth District. Anton Vigelius, D. Chas. Tracey, Dem. Chas. G. Bennett, R. G. M.Southwick, Rep. J. L. Nostrand, S. D. Ward J. Lee, Pop. Sixth District. Fred F. Wheeler, Pro Arthur S. Somers, D. Twenty-first District. James R. Howe, Rep. Geo. Van Horn, Dem. Daniel Walsh, S. D. D. F. Wilber, Rep. G.W. Ostrander, Pro. Seventh District. G.W. Ostrander, Pro. F. T. Bartlett, Dem. Twenty-second Dist. John T. Murphy, S.D. Thos. R. Hossie, Dem. Austin E. Ford, Rep. N. M. Curtis, Rep. E. J. Wheeler, Pro. L. Abelson, S.-L. J. L. Weed, Pro.

W. J. McQueen, Peop. C. Flynn, O'Brien, H. R. Bayne, Anti-T. Twenty-third District Eighth District. W. C. Watson, Dem W. T. Foot, jr., Rep. James J. Walsh, D. DeMyre S.Fero, Peop. John M. Mitchell, R. Twenty-fourth Dist. J. F. Gillespie, Pro.
John Nagel, Soc.-L.
Albert E. Unger, Peo. C. A. Chickering, Rep.
Mich'l Mulhall, Mil'd.

Twenty-fourth Dist.

Twenty-fourth Dist. Twenty-fifth District Ninth District.

Ninth District.
Henry C. Miner, D.
John Simpson, Rep.
Tim. J. Campbell, S.D. E. W. Johnston, Pro.
Den. D. Leon, Soc. J. Tim. J. Campbell, S. E. W. Johnston,
Dan. D. Leon, Soc.-L. Twenty-sixth District
Tim. N. Holden, Pro. Sherrill E. Smith, D.
Geo. W. Ray, Rep. Tenth District. Wm. K. Cessna, Peop. Daniel E. Sickles, D. Twenty-seventh Dist.
A. J. Campbell, Rep. W. E. Northrop, Dem. A. J. Campbell, Rep. W. E. Northrop, Delli. Geo. Karsch, S. D. Theo. L. Poole, Rep. C. G. Teche, Soc.-L. Chas. H. Perkins, Pro. Wm. J. Yates, Pro. J. S. Freeman, Peop. Chas. Sotheran, Peop. E. Pellenz, Soc.-L. Eleventh District. Twenty-eighth Dist. W. Sulzer, Dem., S.D. Eli McConnell, Dem.

Ferd. Eidman, Rep. S. E. Payne, Rep. F. H. Koenig, Soc.-L. H. S. Potter, Pro. W. H. Larch, Pro. H. L. Case, Peop. E.F. Limmerman, Peo. T. J. G.McMurray, A.MR G. H. Roberts, Dem. Twelfth District. C. W. Gillet, Rep. G. B. McClellan, D. E. Orvis, Peop. R.A.Cheesebrough, R. Albert J. Colt, Pro. G. W. Green, S. D. Thirtieth District. W. Klingenberg, S.-L. Francis Murphy, Dem. John McKee, Pro. J. A. Morehead, A.-T. F. H. Martin, Pro. G. Tombleson, Peop. J. W. Lawton, Peop. Thirteenth District. Thirty-first District. A. J. Cummings, D. Jno. D. Lynn, Dem. R. C. Shannon, Rep. H. C. Brewster, Rep. E. C. Baker, S.D. O. T. Williams, I.R. W. F. Westerfield, S.L. L. C. Hoff, Pro. Theo. J. Manser, Pro. Thirty-second Distr's

Joseph Finn, Peop. Jos. E. Gavin, Dem. Fourteenth District. R. B. Mahany, Rep. John Connelly, Dem. J. W. Williams, Peop. Lemuel E. Quigg, Rep. W.P. Goodenough, Pro. Julius J. Frank, S. D. Isaac W. Gall, Peop. Julius J. Frank, S. D. Isaac W. Gall, Peop. Isaac Bennett, S.-L. Thirty-third District. S. Z. Batten, Pro. J. Morgenstern, Dem. E. V. Wright, Peop. Chas. Daniels, Rep. Fifteenth District. Isaac W. Gale, Peop. Jacob A.Cantor, Dem. Geo. W. Taylor, Pro. Philip B. Low, Rep. Thirty fourth District

Philip B. Low, Rep. Thirty-fourth District R. G. Monroe, S.D. S. N. Wood, Dem. Edw. Henckler, S.-L. W. B. Hooker, Rep. John H. Lemmon, Pro. A. Y. Freeman, Pro. D. W. Burke, Peop. D. F. Allen, Peop. In New York the situation is extremely uncertain, with the chances in favor of the republicans in the general elections. The

is some radical change in their program in New York city, they will lose three Congressmen in that city. They will also lose one in Brooklyn. They are threatened with the loss of the nineteenth district, though they claim now that Haines, their candidate, will be re-elected. This is the collar and cuff district. The democrats are hoping to partly offset their almost certain losses in the city by the gain of two districts in the state outside. They hope to gain the eighteenth, represented now by Le Fever, republican, and also the twenty-second, now represented by Gen. Curtis, republican. There is a big republican majority in this latter district, but the republicans got into a row over the nomination and two candidates are running

It looks as if the democrats might not have more than sixteen Representatives from New York in the next House.

North Carolina.

North Carolina will elect a state treasurer, chief justice and three associate justices of the supreme court, and the legislature, which will choose two United States Senators. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 132,951; republican, 100,346; populist, 44,732; prohibition, 2,636. The congressional candidates

First District. Fifth District. W. A. Branch, Dem. A. W. Graham, Dem. H. Skinner, Rep., Pop. T. H. Settle, Rep. Second District. N. S. Amis, I. Rep. Wm. Merritt, Pop. F. A. Woodard, Dem. H. P. Cheatham, Rep. H. P. Freeman, Pop. J. A. Lockhart, Dem O. H. Dockery, Rep. Third District. J. B. Martin, Pop. Sixth District.

John G. Shaw, Dem. Seventh District. O. J. Spears, Rep. J. S. Henderson, De C. Thompson, Pop. A.C.Shuford, Rep., Pop Fourth District. Eighth District. H. Bower, Dem. C. M. Cooke, Dem. R.J. Linney, Rep., Pop. T C. Millican, Rep. W. F. Stroud, Pop. Ninth District. W. T. Crawford, Dem.

R. Pearson, Rep., Pop. The democrats are claiming a solid dele-gation from North Carolina. At the opening of the campaign it was thought that two or three districts in that state might be lost to the democrats, but apparently their prospects have improved, and the claim is set up that they will carry even the fifth district, which is now represented by a republican.

North Dakota.

North Dakota will elect state officers and the legislature, and vote upon a proposed amendment to the constitution of the state which prohibits the sale of lottery or giftenterprise tickets. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democraticpopulist fusion, 17,700; republican, 17,519; prohibition, 899. The congressional candidates for the state at large are: W. Muir, Dem., Pop. Dr. L. S. Ellis, Pro.

In this state the fight is between the republicans and populists, with the demo-crats making a fusion with the populists. The contest is so close that it is difficult to approximate the result. Ohio. Ohio will elect minor state officers. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was:

M. N. Johnson, Rep.

Democratic, 404,115; republican, 405,187; populist, 14,852; prohibition, 26,012. The vote for governor in 1893 was: Democratic, 352,347; republican, 433,342; populist, 15,563; prohibition, 22,406. The congressional candidates are: First District. Twelfth District. H. Outhwaite, D. H. D. Peck, Dem.

Chas. P. Taft, Rep.
T. J. Donnelly, Pop.
W. A. Fox, Pop.
Samuel Wells, Pro.

Thirteenth District. Second District. B. G. Young, Dem. Jas. B. Matson, Dem. S. R. Harris, Rep. J. H. Bromwell, Rep. Amos Kellar, Pop. R. H. Wheeler, Pop. Geo. W. Dunn, Pro. G. M. Hammel, Pro. Fourteenth District Third District.
Paul J. Sorg, Dem.
A. L. Harris, Rep.
W. S. Kerr, Rep.
Wm. Geltz, Pop.
W. H. Kronaga, Pop. W. H. Funk, Pro.

Gid. P. Macklin, Pro. Fifteenth District. Fourth District. C. P. Richardson, D. F. C. Layton, Dem. H. C. Van Vorhis, Rep. W. D. Davies, Rep. S. R. Crumbaker, Pop. Jos. M. White, Pop. Jas. Benjamin, Pro. Geo. C. Enders, Pro. Sixteenth District.

John S. Snook, Dem.
F. B. Dewitt, Rep.
Henry L. Grall, Pop.
Jas. Brettelle, Pop.
W. T. Chapman, Pro.
J. F. Barr, Pro. Sixth District. Seventeenth District. J. L. Stevens, Dem. J.A.D.Richards, Dem. Geo. W. Hulick, Rep. A. S. McClure, Rep. Chas. W. Pulse, Pop. Wm. F. Lloyd, Pop. Seth H. Ellis, Pro. James Scott, Pro. Seventh District. Eighteenth District. Chas, E. Gain, Dem. E. S. Raff, Dem. Geo. W. Wilson, Rep. Rob. W. Taylor, Rep. Henry Fechter, Pop. J. S. Coxey, Pop. R. S. Thompson, Pro. Enos Brosius, Pro. Eighth District. Nineteenth District.

Edw. T. Dunn, Dem.
L. M. Strong, Rep.
George Riddle, Pop.
Thos. D. Crow, Pro.

Nineteenth District.
Henry Apthorp, Dem.
S. A. Northway, Rep.
George A. Wise, Pop.
C.H.Stambaugh, Pro. Ninth District. Twentieth District. F. Ritchie, Dem. J. H. Southard, Rep. H. B. Harrington, D G. Candee, Pop., Pro. C. R. Beach, Rep.
Touth District H. B. Harrington, P. John O. Yates, Dem. Wm. Watkins, Pro. L. J. Fenton, Rep. Twenty-first District J. C. Cobb, Pop. T. L. Johnson, Dem. A. R. McIntosh, Pro. T. E. Burton, Rep. Eleventh District. Geo. A. Groot, Pop. E. R. Lash, Dem. J. McDonough, Pro.

C. H. Grosvenor, Rep. W. H. Crawford, Pop. W. A. Rouse, Pro. It is difficult to briefly state the situation in Ohio, as the conditions vary in almost every congressional district. Basing their expectations upon democratic disorganiza-tion and the condition of the times, the republicans are claiming sixteen out of the twenty-one districts. The democrats do not concede this large gain and insist they will almost hold their own. The democrats are certain of but five Representatives from Orio, though they have eleven in the present House. They are hopeful, however, of electing seven of the twenty-one Repre sentatives. In addition to the five who are regarded as certain, they hope to elect Sorg and Ritchie, and Tom Johnson has put up such a vigorous fight in the Cleveland

district as to render his election not im-

probable.

Rhode Island. The election in this state is for Congressmen. The vote for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 24,335; republican, 27,069; prohibition, 1,565; populist, 227. The congres-

sional candidates are: First District. Second District. L. F. C. Garvin, D. W. O. Arnold, Rep. O. Lapham, Dem. Melville Bull, Rep. J. A. Williams, Pro. L. E. Remington, Pr. The democrats at present have both the Representatives from Rhode Island, but their prospects are poor for holding either at this election Tne republicans are conducting an exceedingly vigorous campaign, and are very hopeful of success.

South Caroline.

South Carolina will elect state officers and the legislature, which will choose a United States Senator to succeed Matthew C. Butler, democrat. The people will also vote upon the question of holding a convention to revise the constitution of the state. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic 51,698; republican, 13,384; populist, 2,410. The congressional candidates

are: Fifth District. First District. T. J. Strait, Dem. Elliott, Dem. G. W. Murray, Rep. W. R. Davie, I. Dem. Sixth District. Second District. W. J. Talbert, Dem. J. L. McLaurin, Dem. Third District. Seventh District. A. C. Latimer, Dem. J. W. Stokes, Dem. R. R. Moorman, Rep. T. B. Johnson, Rep. H. H. Evans, I. Dem. E. M. Brayton, I. R.

Fourth District. L. D. Melton, Rep. In South Carolina the republicans hope to gain one Congressman, but the prospects are very doubtful, and it is thought they will only hold the district they now have

The republicans base their hopes upon the expectation that the full democratic vote will not be polled, on account of the factional differences. Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania will elect state officers, auditor general and the legislature, which

will choose a United States Senator to succeed James Donald Cameron, republican. The vote of the state for President in 1892 was: Democratic, 452,264; republicar, 516,-

indications are that the constitutional was: Democratic, 452,264; republicar, 516,-amendments, to which much objection has 011; populist, 8,714; prohibition, 25,123. The